Spatial Planning in Serbia

Comments from Participants

Siniša Trkulja

Spatial Planning Platform (SPP)

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Toward a Concrete Utopia: Architecture in Yugoslavia, 1948-1980 is the exhibition in Museum of Modern Art (MoMA) New York from 15th of July 2018 to 13th of January 2019, it includes more than 400 visual documents from Yugoslavia during the 45 years after WWII until its break-up.
In January 2018 the Government of Serbia adopted Conclusion to start the elaboration of National Strategy for Sustainable and Integrated Urban Development until 2030.

Kick-off Conference on the 2\textsuperscript{nd} of February 2018 with slide presented during the conference.

Thematic round tables (housing, inclusion, economic development, urban structures, environment, infrastructure, culture) held in March.

Three workshops in June and July: national objectives of urban development (photo), financing, implementation and monitoring of the strategy.
Three types of urban plans:
- General urban plan (master plan for 27 settlements with the status of city)
- General urban regulation plan (zoning plan for an entire settlement)
- Detailed urban regulation plan (zoning plan for a part of settlement)
- Decree on the **Program of Implementation of the Spatial Plan of the Republic of Serbia** for the period 2016 to 2020, adopted by Government of Serbia in December 2016

- The **New Urban Agenda** with its p.93 was **translated into Serbian language** in 2017, after its adoption at the Habitat III

- Conclusion on the elaboration of the **Strategy for Sustainable Urban Development in the Republic of Serbia until 2030**, adopted by Government of Serbia in January 2018

- Standing Conference of Towns and Municipalities as **national association of local governments** is occasionally organizing capacity building related to NUA, IGUTP and SDGs

- **International guidelines on Urban and Territorial Planning** to be **translated into Serbian language** in 2018
Being a country of relatively small size, the spatial integration of Serbia with neighboring countries in the Balkan region is very important. Spatial integration is a part of national territorial policy dealing with cross-border, transnational and interregional territorial cooperation.